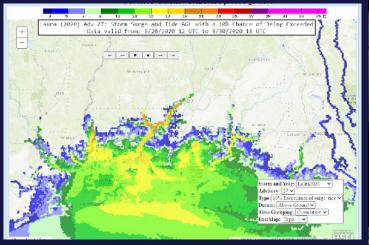
Hurricane Season 2024 April 16, 2024













Joe Rua, Lead Forecaster

National Weather Service Lake Charles, Louisiana



2024 Hurricane Season Outlook

<u>Source</u>	<u>Named Storms</u>	<u>Hurricanes</u>	<u> Major Hurricanes</u>
Colorado State University	23 (14)	11 (7)	5 (3)
	*Climatological Average 1991-2020 in parenthesis ()		





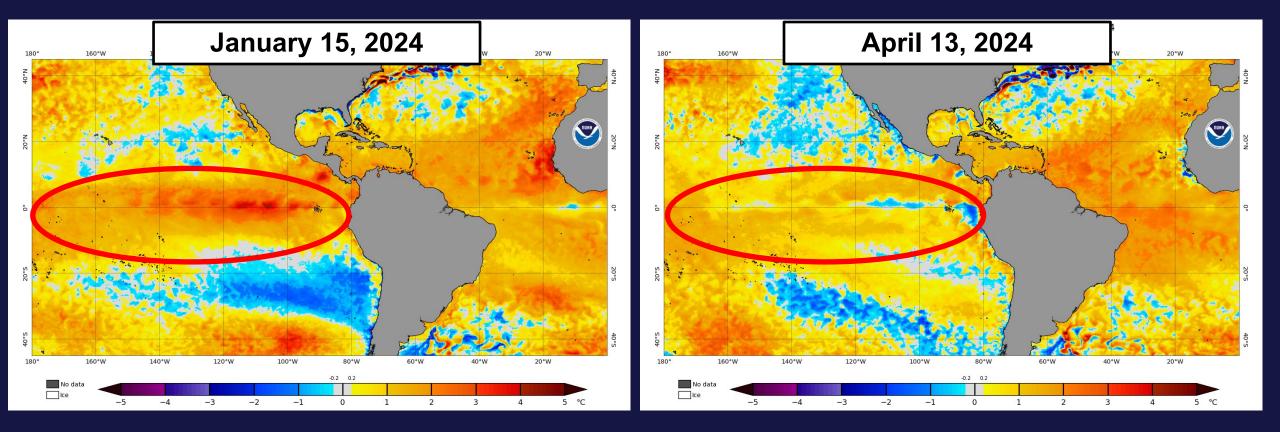
Why is Hurricane Season Expected to be More Active Than "Normal"?

- ENSO cycle currently El Nino is expected to transition to La Nina late in the summer/fall.
- Near record sea surface temperatures over central and eastern Atlantic are expected to stay above normal through the hurricane season.





Sea Surface Temperatures



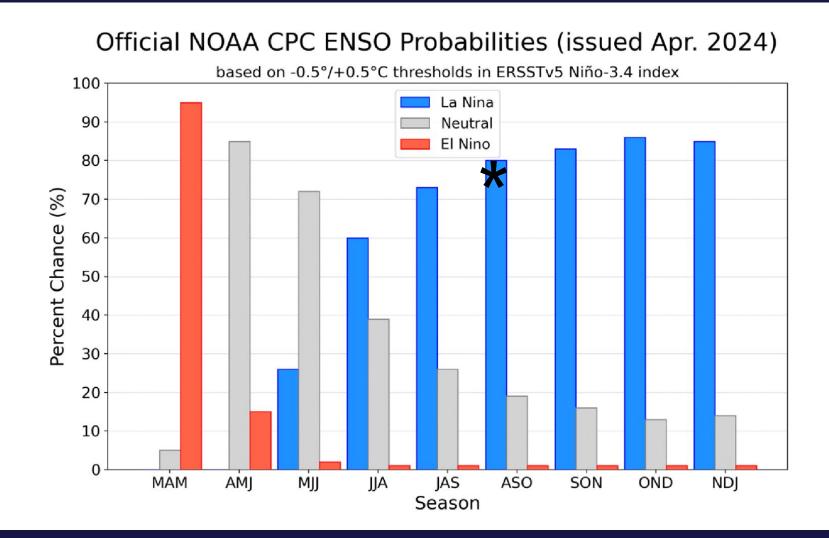


Started 2024 in El Nino... Sea Surface Temperatures in the Tropical East Pacific Have Been Cooling



La Nina Watch Has Been Issued

At least a 80% chance that La Nina develops by the end of July



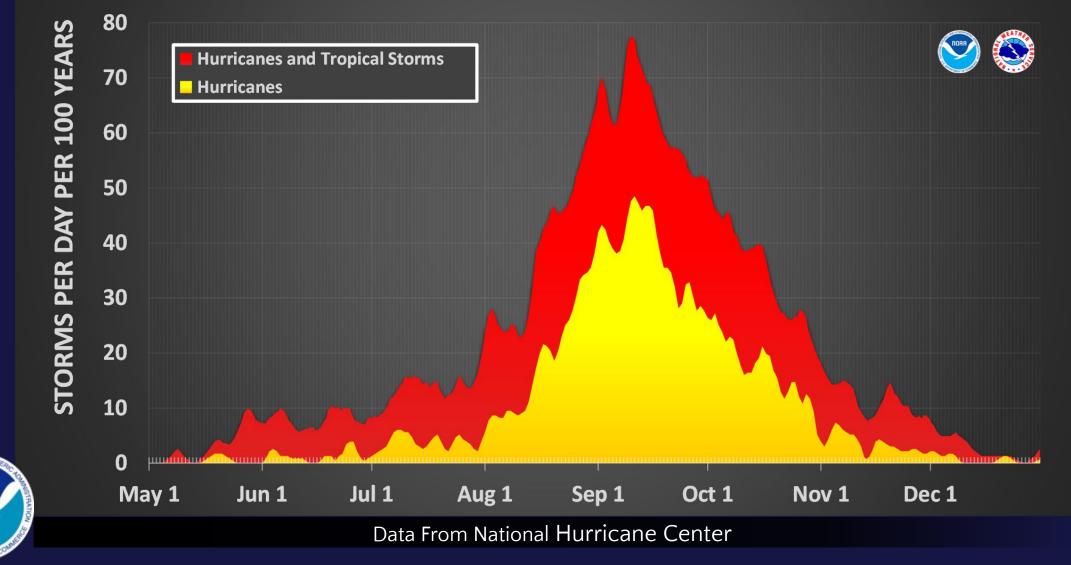




Tropical Cyclone Climatology

Atlantic Hurricane and Tropical Storm Activity

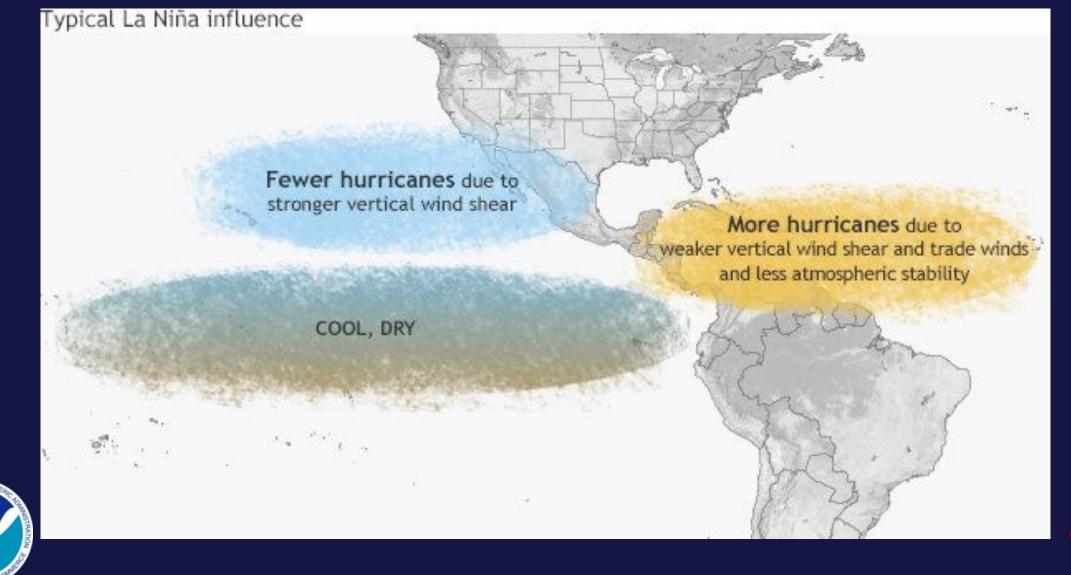
Based on Data from 1944 to 2020



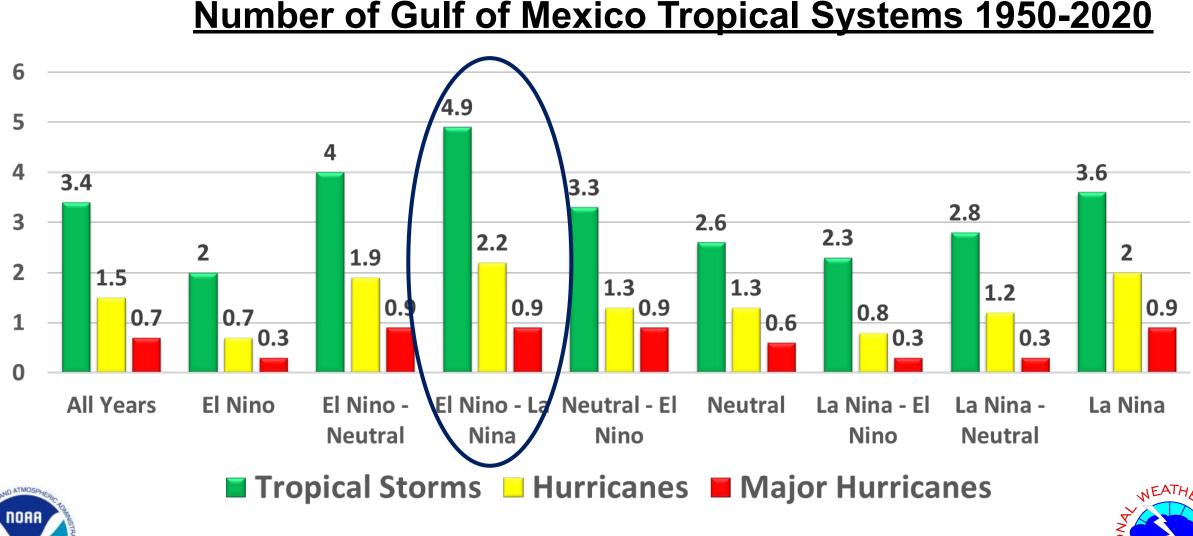
NOAA

La Nina's Tropical Influence

La Nina typically brings more hurricanes in the Atlantic Basin

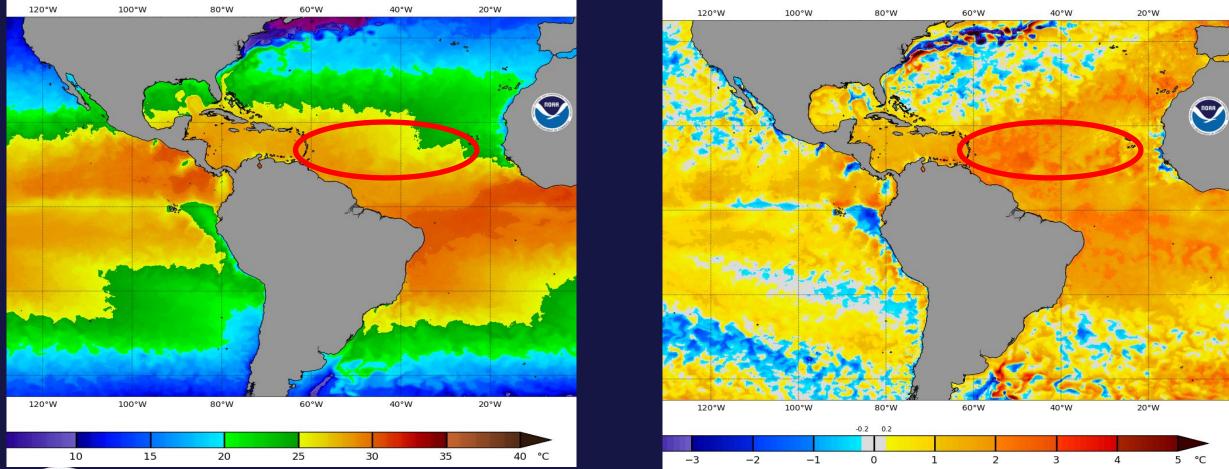


Seasonal Average Tropical Cyclones By ENSO Cycle



NEATHER WOLLAN

Current Sea Surface Temperatures and Anomalies As of April 14, 2024





Sea Surface Temperatures in the Tropical Origin Zone Very Warm and Well Above Normal

2024 Hurricane Season Outlook

<u>Source</u>	Named Storms	<u>Hurricanes</u>	<u> Major Hurricanes</u>
Colorado State University (April 2024)	23 (14)	11 (7)	5 (3)
TSR (Tropical Cyclone Risk.com) (April 2024)	23 (14)	11 (7)	5 (3)
ECMWF (April 2024)	21 (14)	11 (7)	
	*Climatological Average 1991-2020 in parenthesis ()		





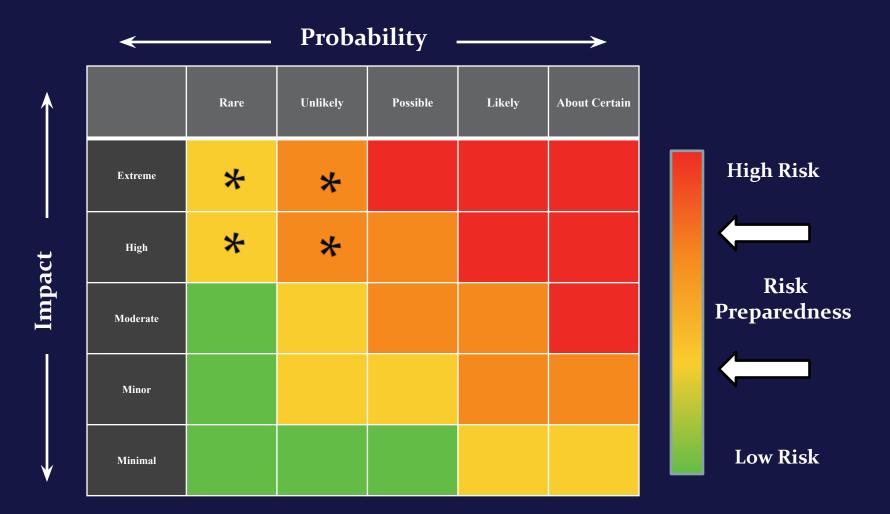
2024 Tropical Cyclone Impact Probabilities

Defined as within 50 miles of a location

Location	<u>Tropical Storm</u>	<u>Hurricane</u>	<u>Major Hurricane</u>
Louisiana	84% (66%) [68%]	56% (38%) [40%]	23% (14%) [15%]
Southwest/South Central Louisiana	47% (31%) [33%]	25% (16%) [16%]	8% (5%) [5%]
	*Climatological Average in parenthesis ()		
	**Probability before 2023 season in brackets []		
	Data from Colorado State University		



Low-Probability, High-IMPACT Events (why low probabilities matter)







Why Low Probabilities Matter High Impact Event



20% Chance of Rain

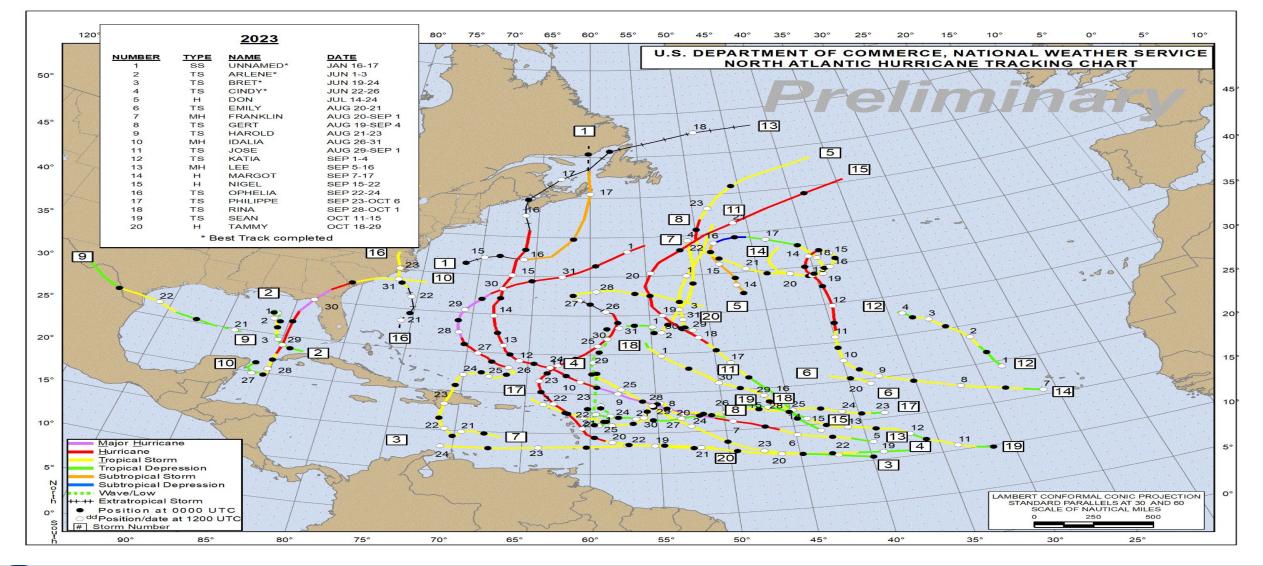
20% Chance of Hurricane Winds





2023 Season: What Happened

Quiet Year for Louisiana and SE Texas





2024 Atlantic Tropical Cyclone Names

Hurricane Season Starts on June 1st ends November 30th

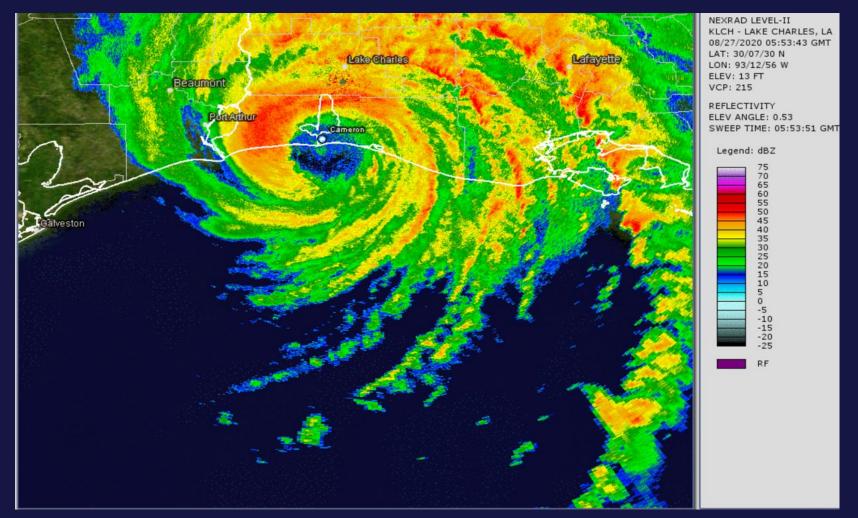
21 Names on the list, Forecasting 23 Named Storms

Alberto Beryl Chris Debby Emesto Francine Gordon

Helene Isaac Joyce Kirk Leslie Milton Nadine

Oscar Patty Rafael Sara Tony Valerie William

Other Hurricane Notes



NOAA



NWS Products to Monitor

A product timeline from the National Weather Service



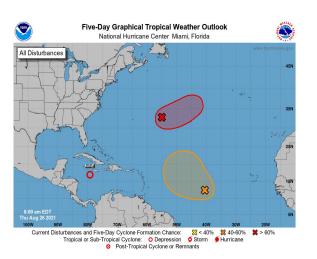
• Tropical Weather Outlook



60 Hours Out*

 PSurge (for select, well-behaved storms)





National Oceanic and

U.S. Department of Commerce

Atmospheric Administration

5 Days Out

- NHC Advisory Packages (cone, wind speed probabilities, TOA)
- SLOSH MOMs and MEOWs*

48 Hours

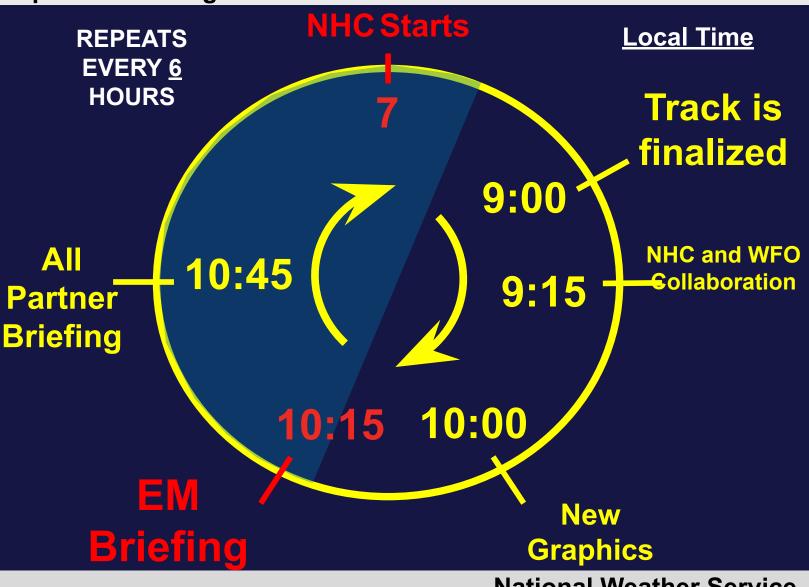
Out

- Watch/Warning Products
- Hurricane Threats and Impacts Graphics
- PSurge/Inundation Forecasts

Forecast Cycle to Briefings

Timeline of Forecast Cycle and Updated Briefings

- 7am Hurricane Forecaster Begins
 Observation Analysis
- 7:45 am Once cyclone center, storm speed/direction, and intensity are determined, the hurricane models are then initiated.
- 9am Forecast Track is internally finalized.
- 9:15am Hurricane Center Collaborates with NWS Field Offices
- 9:30am to 10am Cone Forecast, Timing and Probability Products are Issued
- 10:15am NWS Lake Charles Brief Emergency Management Directors
- 10:45am NWS Lake Charles Brief all other Partner Groups



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration U.S. Department of Commerce

Effective Messaging: Having the *RIGHT* people, take the *RIGHT* action(s), for the *RIGHT* outcome Basically – Influencing the Outcome of the Event (in the *POSITIVE*)







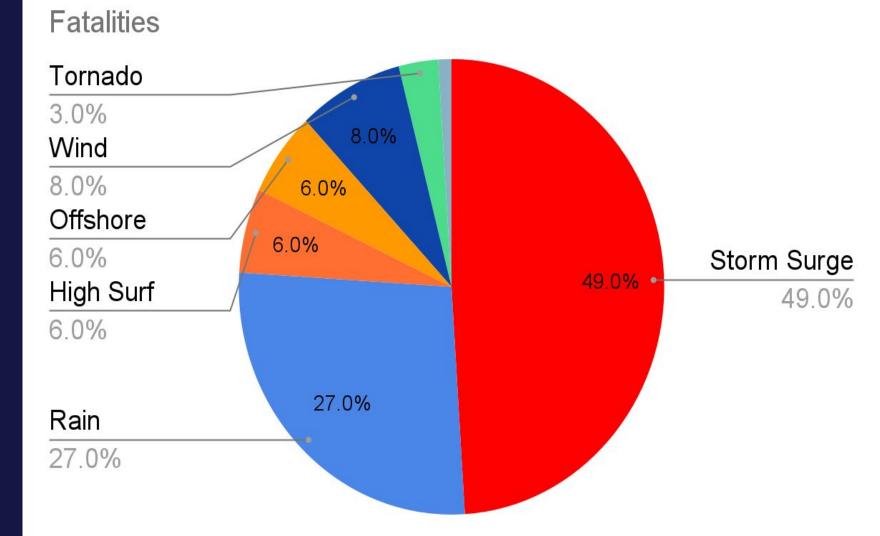


Hurricane Fatalities

Multiple Hazards

Roughly 75% of hurricane fatalities are related to water

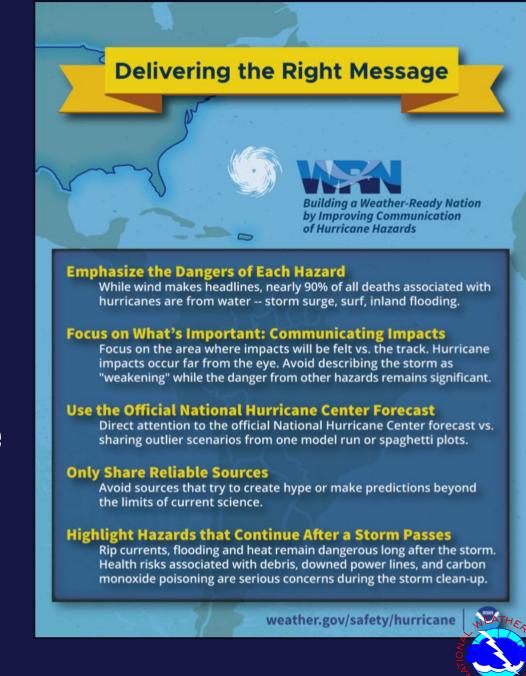
Half of all fatalities are due to storm surge





General Messaging Takeaways

- Focus on Hazards and Impacts **NOT** Track and Category!
- Every storm is different
- Remain focused on water & surge hazards when wind scale category decreases
- Significant impacts occur far from the center outside the cone
- Bad Information from "Keyboard Meteorologists." Encourage people to only share information from reliable sources.
- One Voice EM/Govt./Media/NWS/NHC



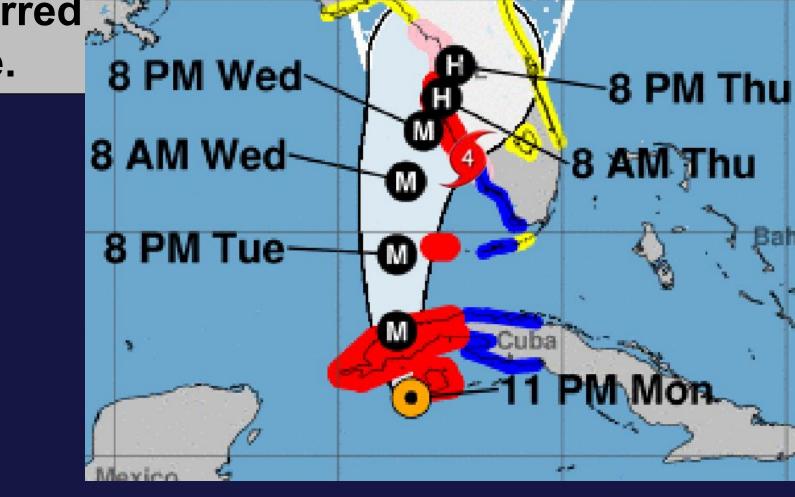


Popular National Hurricane Center Cone Product

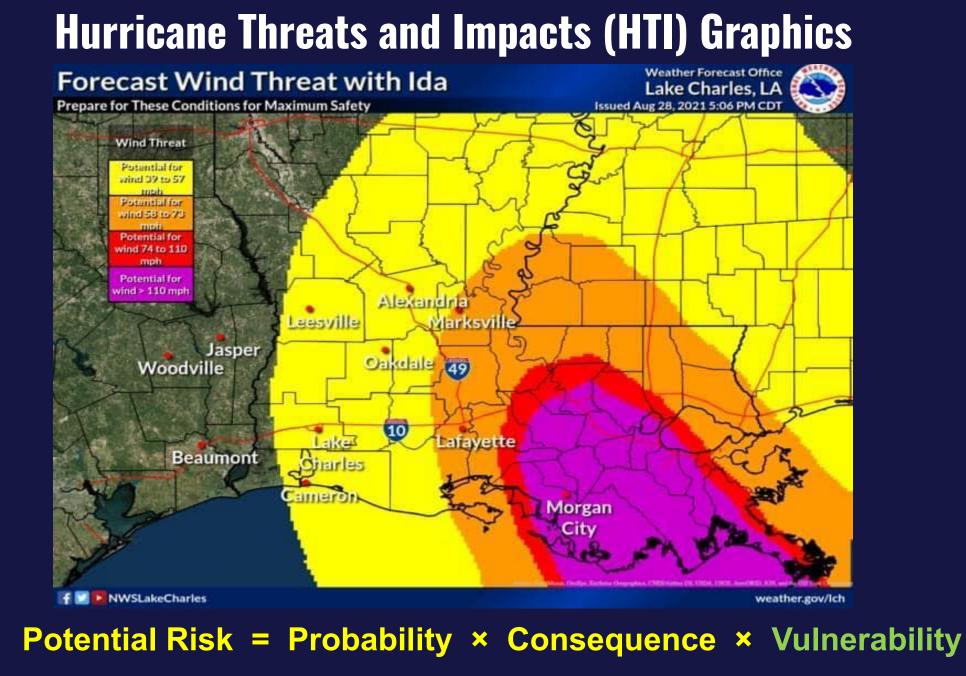
8 PM Fri

MS

Hurricane Ian. Some major impacts occurred outside the cone.



GA







Final Takeaway It is all about...





IMPACTS











Pay attention to what the **IMPACTS** from the Hurricane/Storm will be for your location.





NOAA/NWS Web Resources For Hurricane Season

<u>Site</u>	Description
weather.gov/lch	NWS Lake Charles Homepage
Facebook	Search: US National Weather Service Lake Charles
nhc.noaa.gov	National Hurricane Center Homepage Hurricane Advisory/Track/Graphics
spc.noaa.gov	Storm Prediction Center Homepage Severe Weather Outlooks/Watches
wpc.ncep.noaa.gov	Weather Prediction Center Homepage Rainfall/Winter Weather Outlooks
tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov	NOS Tide Water Levels
water.noaa.gov/wfo/LCH	River Stages and Forecasts

Let's Be Prepared. Hope Everyone Has A Good 2024 Hurricane Season.







